

Health and Safety Policy









Contents Page

- 1.0 General Statement of Intent
- 2.0 Roles and Responsibilities
- 3.0 Arrangements
- 3.1 Accident Reporting & Investigation
- 3.2 Alcohol and Controlled Drugs
- 3.3 Asbestos
- 3.4 CDM Regulations
- 3.5 COSHH Assessments
- 3.6 Communication with workers
- 3.7 Contractors and Sub-Contractors
- 3.8 Control of Silica Dust
- 3.9 Control of Wood Dust
- 3.10 Display Screen Equipment (DSE)
- 3.11 Driving on Company Business
- 3.12 Duties of a Principal Contractor Under CDM Regulations 2015
- 3.13 Electricity at Work
- 3.14 Emergency Procedure
- 3.15 Emergency Procedures
- 3.16 Environmental Protection
- 3.17 Environmental Waste Management & Pollution Control
- 3.18 Equipment Inspections & Records
- 3.19 External Health and Safety Consultants
- 3.20 Fire Safety
- 3.21 First Aid Arrangements
- 3.22 Guidance
- 3.23 Hand Arm Vibration Syndrome (HAV)
- 3.24 Health & Safety Records
- 3.25 Health & Safety Training
- 3.26 Health Surveillance
- 3.27 Lone Working
- 3.28 Machinery Maintenance
- 3.29 Machinery Operation
- 3.30 Manual Handling Assessments
- 3.31 Method Statements (Safe Operating Procedures)
- **3.32 Noise**
- 3.33 Personal Protective Equipment
- 3.34 Portable Appliance Testing (PAT)
- 3.35 Pregnant Workers
- 3.36 Purchase Policy
- 3.37 Risk Assessments
- 3.38 Road Safety Transport
- 3.39 Safety Audits and Monitoring
- 3.40 Serious or Imminent Danger
- 3.41 Transport & Company Vehicle Safety
- 3.42 Welfare
- 3.43 Working at Height

1.0 – General Statement of Intent

PRT Heating Ltd. is committed to ensuring the safety of its employees, customers, members of the public and anyone else who are affected by our operations.

The company commits to operating in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work (etc) Act 1974, The Management of Health & Safety Regulations and all other current applicable regulations and codes of practice, so far as is reasonably practicable.

The management will ensure that significant risks are assessed, and suitable and enough measures are adopted to allow each employee/contractor to carry out his/her duties safely and without risk to health. Suitable equipment will be provided and maintained in a safe condition, and safe systems of work will be devised.

The company shall strive to achieve continuous improvement in Health & Safety performance.

PRT Heating Ltd. Management will provide all necessary resources including time to ensure that all Health and Safety matters are adequately funded. This includes, training, personal protective equipment, adequate equipment/tools, maintenance for this equipment, external advice where necessary and any other resource necessary to ensure the Health and Safety of our staff.

Each employee/contractor will be made aware of his/her responsibility for his/her own health and safety and that of others. All employees/contractors will be given the opportunity to consult with the management on matters relating to Health & Safety, or to appoint a representative to do so.

Where necessary the company will arrange or provide suitable training for both management and operatives, where new work practices or equipment are introduced.

The company will seek external advice as necessary to keep its health & safety policy, working practices and equipment up to date and in accordance with current legislation.

Ultimate responsibility in all areas of safety rests with the Director. This duty is of no less importance than any of the responsibilities attached to that position.

Reviews of Health and Safety Policy will be made annually no later than 1 year after the date on this policy. The monitoring of all issues relating to this policy is the responsibility of the Director.

Authorised by Mr Nathan Tilsley Position: Company Director

Date: 25/04/23

2.0 - Roles and Responsibilities

Organisation and Managerial Responsibilities;

The company is owned and managed by Peter Tilsley who is directly responsible for Health and Safety matters within the company. The responsible person will seek external assistance where necessary to ensure that the company meets both its statutory obligations and the objectives laid down in this Health & Safety Policy.

We use HS Direct Ltd (0114 2444461) for gaining help and advice with Health & safety matters where required.

The organisation of the workforce is the responsibility of Peter Tilsley, who holds the position of Director and who is responsible for ensuring that the company's Health & Safety Policy and associated procedures are implemented by all site operatives.

Day to day management of the company's operations is the responsibility of Peter Tilsley who may be supported by site managers, each responsible for one site or customer premises. Depending on the size and nature of the site, the responsible person may be supported by one or more supervisors responsible for the direct supervision of the company operatives.

Employee/Contractor Responsibilities:

Each employee/contractor has a statutory duty to take reasonable care in relation to his/her own health & safety, and the health and safety of any other person who may be affected by his/her acts or omissions.

Therefore, it shall be the duty of all Employees/Contractors whilst at work:

- To take reasonable care for the Health & Safety of themselves and others, who may be affected by their acts or omissions at work
- To co-operate with the employer to ensure compliance with all the company Health & Safety policies and Procedures
- To refrain from intentional or reckless interference with equipment and/or systems provided in the interest of Health, Safety and the Environment
- To co-operate with management when required on such things as accident prevention and all procedures regarding Health, Safety and the Environment as set out in the Health & Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and all associated Regulations and ACOPs
- To maintain good standards of housekeeping in our premises and on client premises
- To report any accident or incident including near misses (whether personal injury results) to the office
- To report any defects in equipment without delay to their immediate Supervisor and not to attempt repairs which they have not been authorised and specifically trained to undertake
- To ensure that no potentially hazardous item, substance or machine is brought on to site or used without the

- prior knowledge and authority of their immediate Supervisor
- To use and if applicable wear any item of Personal Protective Equipment. It is a requirement of law that any
- equipment supplied for safety must be used, and when not in use it is properly cleaned, stored and maintained.
- To undergo any Health, Safety, Environmental and operational training deemed necessary by the company.

Staff Consultation:

If an employee/contractor becomes aware of any potential breaches of health & safety law, or unsafe working practices, he/she must notify the MD or Site manager.

If an employee/contractor feels that health & safety procedures may be improved, for example by use of alternative equipment, he/she will be encouraged to discuss any suggestions with the management.

Specific Safety Functions and Named Responsibilities:

Safety function	Person/s responsible
All aspects of health and safety	P. Tilsley
Risk assessments	P. Tilsley and N. Tilsley
Accident reporting	P. Tilsley and N. Tilsley
First aider	P. Tilsley and N. Tilsley

3.0 - Arrangements

This section defines our company arrangements and policies for dealing with our activities.

3.1 Accident Reporting & Investigation

It is the policy of PRT Heating Ltd. that <u>all</u> accidents, incidents and near misses are reported to the site and recorded into the company's accident record book which is kept online in our Safety-First Package.

The main objective of accident, incidents, near misses reporting and investigation is to reduce incidents and prevent future accidents.

It will be the responsibility of the Owner or their nominated representative to notify the Health & Safety Executive in respect of any accident or occurrence for which notification is required by the current - Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations. The following must be reported:

Deaths

- Specified injuries to members of the public on our premises and taken to hospital.
 Over 7-day injuries where an employee or self-employed person is injured at work and away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days. This must be reported to the HSE using appropriate forms within 15 days of the accident.
- Some work-related diseases as per RIDDOR
 A dangerous occurrence where something happens that does not result in an injury but could have done.
- Gas Safe registered gas fitters must also report dangerous gas fittings they find, and gas conveyors / suppliers must report some flammable gas incidents.

 Any accident resulting in more than minor injuries or incident which might have resulted in serious injury will be investigated by the Owner or their nominated representative. Depending upon the circumstances of the accident, the Owner or their nominated representative may seek the assistance of an external Health & Safety Advisor, both in the investigation and the formulation of preventative procedures to avoid repetition.

A study of the circumstances will help to reduce or remove the causes.

- When the reports are examined over a period, it can be seen whether preventative measures have been effective in reducing accidents.
- If these objectives are to be attained, investigation and reporting must be accurate, complete and consistent.
- All accidents and incidents resulting in injury to employees and/or to any other
 persons, or near misses on the premises that PRT Heating Ltd. employees are
 working on must be reported immediately to PRT Heating Ltd. reception and/or
 owner and be recorded in the company Accident book and reporting systems.
- Where there is more than one person injured in the accident a separate page should be used for each person.
- All relevant questions must be completed for every accident resulting in personal injury.
- Care should be taken in completing the Accident Report Form and the PRT Heating Ltd. Supervisor wherever possible should ensure that the injured person reads the entry recorded on their behalf.
- Care should also be taken when stating the nature of the injury unless a medical certificate has been submitted.

3.2 Alcohol and Controlled Drugs

It is categorically forbidden for employees to enter places of work, to drive a vehicle, use or operate equipment, or to assist or supervise in its use, whether on or off company business, in an unfit state due to the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs such as glue and other substances. Disciplinary action will be taken if you are caught in the possession of illegal drugs on Company or Client property or in Company vehicles. Employees taking medicines or prescribed drugs under the direction of their G.P, Dentist, or Hospital Doctor that may affect their ability to carry out their work duties have a duty of care responsibility and must notify their immediate Manager.

3.3 Asbestos

PRT Heating Ltd. policy is that we will not generally work with asbestos containing material products.

Asbestos is recognised as being an extremely hazardous substance and as such must be treated with the utmost care. When working on site, staff and contractors will assume any suspicious material is asbestos and stop work unless there is conclusive evidence to the contrary. Any suspicious material shall be reported to the site or building manager immediately.

An Asbestos Management Survey for the premises should always be made available. Its purpose is to locate, as far as reasonably practicable, the presence and extent of any suspected Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) in the building which could be damaged or disturbed during normal occupancy, including foreseeable maintenance and installation, and to assess their condition prior to starting work.

Refurbishment and demolition surveys should be made available where refurbishment work or other work involving disturbing the fabric of the building is carried out.

3.4 CDM Regulations

PRT Heating Ltd. recognises the requirements of these regulations and makes every endeavour to comply.

Briefly - The regulations call for:

Skill, Knowledge and Experience – (Competence of all)

A person must be capable of carrying out duties placed on them and must only accept knowing they are competent to carry out the task.

No person may arrange for a person to carry out works unless they are either,

- Competent
- Under supervision of a competent person

The business selects personnel based on ability and where possible seeks demonstration by certification. A training plan is maintained, and personnel are encouraged to take on additional training in order to improve

skills. Additional in-house training refresher sessions are provided in order to keep personnel up to date with current regulations.

Co-operation of employees, contractors and others

Every person involved in works must seek the co-operation of any other persons concerned at the same or adjoining site so far as necessary in order to ensure all may carry out works safely. Similarly, they must co-operate to ensure others may continue with their works safely. All persons involved must report anything which is likely to endanger the health or safety of themselves or others. Supervisors have been appointed in order to ensure work is managed such that it may continue safely where multiple trades or activities may be ongoing simultaneously. Liaison with others allows arrangements to be made that enable all to continue.

Co-ordination of activities

All persons must co-ordinate their activities with one another in a manner such that, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health and safety of persons carrying out the work and anyone affected by the construction work will always remain safe from harm.

It is recognised that all works may not be able to continue at the same time, therefore Supervisors will discuss and plan such that the project may progress safely.

Prevention of accidents

Every person must ensure general principles of prevention are applied, so far as is reasonably practicable, to ensure the safety of all and works during all stages of a project. This is a priority in all activities and the business ensures that method statements and risk assessments are produced identifying arrangements for safe working. All personnel are briefed on these to ensure they understand these arrangements and the risks that may be encountered by not following procedures.

Duties of Contractors

All Contractors and Principal Contractors have specific duties placed upon them under these regulations and all must be aware and endeavour to comply. The regulations spell out these requirements for both Contractors and Principal Contractors. The business is fully aware and endeavours to comply, so far as is reasonably practicable. All personnel have been made aware of these duties through in-house training. The current CDM Regulations apply to most common building, civil engineering and engineering construction work including Domestic

Projects. In the case of a domestic project, if using more than 1 contractor, a health and safety file must be produced. In any case, the Contractor must produce a Construction Phase Plan suitable for Commercial and Domestic Project.

If a Project falls within the requirements of CDM, then the Principal Contractor must make provision for Welfare facilities as outlined under Schedule 2 of the CDM Regulations. The appointed Principal Designer will be responsible for carrying out the CDM duties and ensuring the completion of the Project Health & Safety File.

On smaller projects where no PD is appointed, this role will be the responsibility of the Contractor when appointed by the client. HSE must be notified of the site if the construction work is expected to either: last longer than 30 days and have more than 20 workers simultaneously involved on site at any one time; or exceeds 500 person days of construction work.

If a Project fits into CDM by either of the above factors, then HSE should be notified on-line before construction work starts using form F10.

3.5 COSHH Assessments

For all materials or substances utilised which may be hazardous to health, a formal COSHH Assessment will be carried out by the Owner or their nominated representative. A register of hazardous substances shall be kept at the head office along with all relevant Safety Data Sheets. A copy of relevant COSHH Assessment(s) will be communicated to the operative(s) providing instruction for safe use.

3.6 Communication with workers

The company uses a variety of methods to communicate information to employees and subcontractors. A monthly informal meeting is held to discuss any issue, including safety. We will also pass information to employees with pay slips as required. A notice board in the head office is also kept up to date.

Communication with employees whose first language is not English will be carried out using one or more of the following methods:

- Ensure adequate time to consult with employees where language and/or literacy may be issues so they can absorb the information and respond to you.
- Use an interpreter; this may be a trained work colleague.
- Get information translated and check that this has been done clearly and accurately by testing it with native speakers.
- Use pictorial information and internationally understood pictorial signs where appropriate.
- Where information must be in English, use clear and simple materials, and allow more time to communicate issues.

3.7 Contractors and Sub-Contractors

The Owner or their nominated representative is responsible for assessing and controlling contractors and subcontractors working for or on behalf of PRT Heating Ltd.

All contractors and sub-contractors who are working for the company must have complete the contractor's competence assessment before commencing work.

All contractors and sub-contractors will comply with the PRT Heating Ltd:

- Health & Safety Policy.
- Emergency procedures.
- Hazard/accident reporting procedures.

 All accidents and near misses need to be reported and recorded in the Accident Book located in main office.

A copy of the company's health and safety policy can be found on company notice boards which are situated in the office.

3.8 Control of Silica Dust

PRT Heating Ltd. is aware that Silica Dust causes a lung disease known as Silicosis (which may be related to Lung Cancer).

PRT Heating Ltd. will endeavour to remove Silica Dust from work by eliminating or substituting other materials. If this is not possible, exposure will be reduced by putting in place ventilation and other methods such as dust suppression and local exhaust ventilation extraction and containment systems to reduce silica dust to the lowest level reasonably practicable. If the level of dust cannot be adequately controlled, then a face fit dust mask to minimum standard En149 FFP2 or FFP3 will be worn.

3.9 Control of Wood Dust

PRT Heating Ltd. is aware that hardwood dust can cause respiratory illness or cancer and will therefore put in place extraction and filtration systems to remove and contain dust for safe disposal at source. All wood dusts have a workplace exposure limit of 5mg/m3.

Portable power tools will be selected to provide suitable extraction and filtration. Where this is not possible, portable extraction, containment and filtration will be made available. Suitable arrangements will be made for the safe disposal or recycling by a licenced waste management contractor.

Where wood dust cannot be fully extracted and contained, personnel are required to wear suitable dust masks to EN149 FFP2 or FFP3 dependant on assessment of dust. External advice may be sort on appropriate mask filtration requirements.

Personnel are aware of the hazards of wood dust and will not spread any residue dust by sweeping or blowing by air line. All cleaning works will be by vacuum, containment and sealed disposal.

3.10 Display Screen Equipment (DSE)

Working with Display Screen Equipment is recognised as being a major cause of injury and ill health. PRT Heating Ltd. will carry out DSE risk assessments and provide information, instruction and training to its entire DSE user staff. Employees must carry out the recommendations of the risk assessment and must report instances of injury or ill health suspected of being caused by DSE work to the person responsible for Health & Safety at their earliest convenience.

3.11 Driving on Company Business

It is the policy of PRT Heating Ltd. to only employ drivers who are competent.

Driver approval and competence

A person may only drive on behalf of PRT Heating Ltd. if he or she:

- 1. Has held a full UK license for a minimum of 2 years
- 2. Has not been disqualified from driving for drink and/or drug offences in the last 5 years nor has any prosecution pending
- 3. Holds the correct license for the type of vehicle being operated

Drivers must inform the company of any circumstances that may lead a driver to being unfit for driving duties.

Drivers must inform the office immediately they become aware of any pending prosecution for any driving offence.

All drivers will be asked to provide detail of their insurance certificate showing that their vehicle is insured for business use and a driving summary from the DVLA.

3.12 Duties of a Principal Contractor Under CDM Regulations 2015

PRT Heating Ltd as Principal Contractor will:

- Plan, manage, monitor and coordinate the entire construction phase.
- Take account of the health and safety risks to everyone affected by the work (including members of the public), in planning and managing the measures needed to control them.
- Liaise with the client and Principle designer for the duration of the project to ensure that all risks are effectively managed.
- Prepare a written construction phase plan [PDF] before the construction phase begins, implement, and then regularly review and revise it to make sure it remains fit for purpose.
- Have ongoing arrangements in place for managing health and safety throughout the construction phase.
- Consult and engage with workers about their health, safety and welfare.
- Ensure suitable welfare facilities are provided from the start and maintained throughout the construction phase.
- Check that anyone they appoint has the skills, knowledge, experience and, where relevant, the organisational capability to carry out their work safely and without risk to health.
- Ensure all workers have site-specific inductions, and any further information and training they need.
- Take steps to prevent unauthorised access to the site.
- Liaise with the principal designer to share any information relevant to the planning, management, monitoring and coordination of the pre-construction phase.

When working for a domestic client, PRT Heating Ltd will take on the client duties as well as our own as principal contractor. If a domestic client does not appoint a principal contractor, the role of the principal contractor will be carried out by the contractor in control of the construction phase. Alternatively, the domestic client can ask the principal designer to take on the client duties (although this must be confirmed in a written agreement) and the principal contractor must work to them as a client under CDM 2015.

Further guidance on who a principal contractor is; why they are important in influencing how health and safety is managed during construction work; when they should be appointed; and what skills, knowledge and experience they need to carry out their duties in a way that ensures health and safety is available at: 'HSE website Are you a principle contractor?'

Planning for construction work

Who is responsible?

• The client must make suitable arrangements for managing their project, enabling those carrying it out to manage health and safety risks in a proportionate way.

- A principle designer must plan, manage, monitor and coordinate health and safety during the pre-construction phase (design and planning stage) of a project involving, or likely to involve, more than one contractor.
- A principle contractor must plan, manage, monitor and coordinate health and safety during the construction phase of a project involving, or likely to involve, more than one contractor.
- A contractor must plan, manage and monitor all work carried out by themselves and their workers.

Early appointment of the principal contractor

The principal contractor should be appointed by the client early enough in the preconstruction phase to allow them to work closely with the client, and in any event before the construction phase begins. This will also give the principal contractor time to work and liaise with the principal designer in sharing any relevant information for health and safety. As the project moves from the pre-construction phase into the construction phase, the principal contractor should take the lead in planning, managing, monitoring and coordinating health and safety, while continuing to liaise with the client and principal designer.

Construction phase plan

A construction phase plan [PDF] must be prepared for a project before the construction phase begins. The plan must outline the Health and safety arrangements, site rules and specific measures concerning any work involving the risks listed in Schedule 3 of the CDM 2015 Regulations.

Planning the construction phase and drawing up a construction phase plan is the responsibility of:

- The principal contractor for projects involving more than one contractor; and
- The contractor for single contractor projects.

Pre-construction information and any key design information, identifying risks that need to be managed during construction work, will be helpful in planning the construction phase and drawing up the construction phase plan.

Planning the work

Gathering as much health and safety information about the project and the proposed site before work begins is important.

Information available at tendering should be used so that allowance is made for the time and resources required to deal with problems. Sources of information include:

- the client;
- the design team;
- contract documents;
- the main contractors for the site;
- specialist contractors and consultants;
- trade and contractor organisations;
- equipment and material suppliers; and
- HSE guidance and British or European Standards.

Find out about the history of the site and its surroundings. See if there are any unusual features which might

affect the work, or how the work will affect others. Pay attention to:

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- contract documents;
- the main contractors for the site:
- specialist contractors and consultants;
- trade and contractor organisations;
- equipment and material suppliers; and
- HSE guidance and British or European Standards.

Find out about the history of the site and its surroundings. See if there are any unusual features which might affect the work, or how the work will affect others. Pay attention to:

- asbestos or other contaminants;
- overhead power lines and underground services;
- unusual ground conditions;
- public rights of way across the site;
- nearby schools, footpaths, roads or railways; and
- other activities going on at or close by to the site.

Much of this information may be found in the pre-construction information provided by the client, including health and safety files that may exist from any previous construction work at the site. Make sure contents from such files and documents have been considered before tenders are submitted.

When estimating costs and preparing the programme of work, consider any health and safety hazards associated with the work. Make sure suitable allowances have been made in the price.

The job will have a better chance of running more smoothly, efficiently and profitably if hazards have been predicted, planned for and controlled from the outset. Having to stop or reschedule work to deal with emergencies wastes time and money.

When materials are bought, or equipment is hired, the supplier has a duty to provide certain health and safety information. Make sure this is obtained and understood. It may be necessary to:

- consider using a specialist who is familiar with the necessary precautions;
- carry out an assessment of the health risks arising from substances or equipment;
 and
- act on your findings e.g. by eliminating harmful substances where possible, or by using a less hazardous method of work or providing training on the safe use of the material or equipment.

When programmes of work are prepared, consider whether there are any operations that will affect the health or safety of others working at the site. For example:

- think about access to the workplace which trades will need to go where and when?
- arrange the work to make sure everyone who needs to use a scaffold or other means of access has

- time to do so plan to make sure the access will be safe and suitable for their use;
- timber treatment or site radiography usually must be done when no one else is on site and the site
 - may have to be left vacant for a few days;
- where a specialist contractor is used, check the requirements with them and programme the work well in advance.

Discuss proposed working methods with contractors before letting contracts. Find out how they are going to work, what equipment and facilities they are expecting to be provided and the equipment they will bring to the site. Identify any health or safety risks their operations may create for others working at the site and agree control measures. Obtaining health and safety risk assessments and method statements will help.

Decide what plant will be required and check that it will be suitable.

Plan material deliveries and consider storage needs.

Plan your emergency and rescue procedures. Decide what equipment will be required and who is trained to operate it.

Summary of duties under Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 (CDM 2015)

CDM Duty holders*.

Who are they? Main duties. What they need to do

Commercial Clients.

Organisations or individuals for whom a construction projects are carried out that is done as part of a business.

Domestic Clients.

People who have construction work carried out on their own home (or the home of a family member) that is **not** done as part of a business.**

Make sure:

- relevant information is prepared and provided to other duty holders
- the principal designer and principal contractor carry out their duties
- welfare facilities are provided

Though in scope of CDM 2015, their client duties are normally transferred to:

- the contractor for single contractor projects
- the principal contractor for projects with more than one contractor

PRT Heating Ltd. will ensure that:

- emergency procedures may be made available for action in the event of gas leak, electricity failure, flood, glass breakage and bomb threat/alert etc. within our premises.
- All emergency procedures are communicated to all employees, contractors, visitors etc as applicable.
- Necessary information, instruction and training is provided to all relevant persons, with records held.
- Procedures are reviewed on at least an annual basis, or where there is a significant change to the company activities undertakings.

In the event of an emergency; all instructions issued by the Owner or the most senior person in charge or the Fire Warden responsible for your area, must be followed. This may involve the evacuation of the building, refraining from smoking etc.

For copies of, or information on, emergency procedures please contact the MD.

3.15 Emergency Procedures

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- Emergency procedures may be made available for action in the event of gas leak, electricity failure, flood, glass breakage and bomb threat/alert etc. within our premises.
- All emergency procedures are communicated to all employees, contractors, visitors etc as applicable.
- Necessary information, instruction and training is provided to all relevant persons, with records held.
- Procedures are reviewed on at least an annual basis, or where there is a significant change to the company activities undertakings.

In the event of an emergency; all instructions issued by the Director or the most senior person in charge or the Fire Warden responsible for your area, must be followed. This may involve the evacuation of the building, refraining from smoking etc.

For copies of, or information on, emergency procedures please contact the Proprietor.

Where work is carried out on the customer premises, the Proprietor or his nominated representative will ascertain the procedures to be followed in case of emergency, e.g. lone worker injury etc. and details will be provided to all company employees/contractors required to work in or on such premises.

3.16 Environmental Protection

PRT Heating Ltd. has a policy to comply with the current Environmental Protection Act, other associated statutory legislation and Approved Codes of Practice (ACOP). This applies to all those who are employed within the company or who are protected by its undertakings. Employees are asked to co-operate in the operation of this policy and make a positive contribution to environmental protection by making themselves aware of the business environmental policy and complying with the control measures in place. The policy is on display on the Company Main H&S notice board and is also available to interested parties on request.

3.17 Environmental Waste Management & Pollution Control

PRT Heating Ltd. recognises the importance of meeting their legal requirements and to manage its waste responsibly, reduce the volume of waste sent to landfill and maximise reuse and recycling where possible.

Waste is unwanted materials, substances, equipment arising from commercial or industrial activities and includes:

- Building and demolition materials; Substances/chemicals (toxic or otherwise);
- Discarded or broken utensils or equipment; Contaminated soil, materials, plant etc.

PRT Heating Ltd. management shall identify the potential waste disposal requirements of a project and make adequate provision to ensure it is suitably managed in accordance with the current Controlled Waste Regulations.

Management shall determine the nature of the waste for disposal and shall ensure that

suitable assessment is undertaken; that appropriate safe working procedures are devised and suitable containment of waste arranged. Where undertaking removal of waste materials or products, management shall ensure that they are registered as a carrier in accordance with the Controlled Waste (The Controlled Waste (Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles) (Amendment) Regulations).

Where contract carriers, are to be engaged to remove the waste, management shall confirm those appointed are suitably registered to undertake the business and shall confirm the proposed method and location of disposal.

PRT Heating Ltd. shall:

- Ensure that waste management is performed in accordance with all waste legislative requirements, including the duty of care, and to plan for future legislative changes and to mitigate their effects.
- Minimise waste generation at source and facilitate repair, reuse and recycling over the disposal of wastes, where it is cost effective.
- Coordinate each activity within the waste management chain.
- Promote environmental awareness in order to increase and encourage waste minimisation, reuse and recycling.
- Ensure the safe handling and storage of wastes on site.
- Provide appropriate training for staff on waste management issues.

3.18 Equipment Inspections & Records

The User must carry out a daily visual inspection of any equipment prior to its use, and must immediately report any defect, or suspected defect to the Supervisor.

The Responsible Person will arrange periodic inspections of all company equipment to include ladders, other access to height, PPE, tools, machines etc, and will keep a record of such inspections in compliance with PUWER.

Where an inspection reveals a defect, it will be the responsibility of the Responsible Person to ensure that the equipment is not used until such time as a suitable repair has been affected. If the equipment is beyond repair it must be discarded, whether or not a suitable replacement is available, and any work relying on the use of such equipment must be suspended until a suitable replacement is available.

3.19 External Health and Safety Consultants

PRT Heating Ltd. use HS Direct Ltd who will:

- Advise of any new safety legislation or changes in existing legislation.
- Provide general assistance to PRT Heating Ltd. to aid in the fulfilment of its obligations and duties as set out in statutes.
- Assist, where required or requested, with the initial implementation of the changes required by changes in safety legislation.
- It is the responsibility of PRT Heating Ltd. to ensure that the safety consultants are notified whenever assistance or support is needed.

3.20 Fire Safety

In the event of a fire in PRT Heating Ltd. premises the designated Responsible Person (RP) or alternatively in their absence their nominated representative will take charge. In their absence the most senior person on site will assume the responsibility.

Fire risk assessments will be carried out in all areas occupied by the organisation, the risk assessments will consider sources of ignition, sources of fuel and any additional source of oxygen over and above that present in the air. The assessment will evaluate the risk of a fire starting and the effect of the fire on people and property. The assessment will indicate control measures to remove or reduce the risk of fire starting.

The significant findings of the assessment will be communicated to all relevant persons together with the necessary instruction and training to reduce the risk.

Means of Escape

In the event of fire occurring, it is vital that staff and other persons can evacuate the premises.

- All existing doors through which a person may have to pass to get out of the premises must be capable of being easily and immediately opened from the inside. Staff will not block or otherwise obstruct exits provided for emergency evacuation
- Access routes must always be maintained unobstructed to exit doors (internal
 and final exits) enough to allow easy access by the number of persons likely
 to use those routes, (750 mm minimum width) and employees must observe
 any line markers to indicate areas which must be kept clear.
- Stairways in buildings must be free from any risk of fire or spread of fire e.g. unauthorised portable heater, combustible material etc.
- Under no circumstances should fire doors be wedged open unless they are retained by automatic magnetic release systems or similar which are connected to the fire alarm system.

3.21 First Aid Arrangements

The Owner or their nominated representative will ensure that as a minimum the organisation has an Appointed Person for first aid. The appointed person will be responsible for maintaining the first aid kit and taking charge after an accident, this includes calling for a person qualified in first aid or ambulance if necessary. Where visits are carried out to other premises, the person responsible for Health & Safety will ascertain the first aid procedures to be followed, and details will be provided to all organisation employees/contractors required to work in or on such premises. PRT Heating Ltd. first aid names will be displayed on the Health and Safety notice board.

3.22 Guidance

The company commits to operating to the very highest standards of Health, Safety and Quality and will therefore carry out its operations in accordance with best practice as advised by the Health & Safety Executive and various trade bodies and associations. This best practice will be reviewed on an annual basis and adopted annually or when evidence that significant improvements can be made by adopting sooner. Guidance documents are kept at head office and will be made available to staff and other interested parties.

3.23 Hand Arm Vibration Syndrome (HAV)

Anyone who regularly and frequently is exposed to high levels of vibration can suffer permanent injury. The construction industry has the second highest incidence of Vibration White Finger (VWF) injury which is one of the more common forms of HAVS. The company will ensure that staff are not subjected to excessive vibration through power tools etc. The company will endeavour to source low vibration tools and limit individual exposure to such tools. The company will also provide adequate information, instruction and training to its staff and contractors on the risks of HAVS.

3.24 Health & Safety Records

All records will be kept by the Owner, in written form indicated in the various appendices. Such records will include:

- Equipment Inspections
- COSHH Assessments
- Generic Risk Assessments
- Staff Training and Induction Records
- Accident Record Book

3.25 Health & Safety Training

PRT Heating Ltd. will provide training and refresher training as is necessary to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health and safety of all staff. During induction and upon any job transfer, safety training will be provided to ensure that individuals are trained in Health & Safety matters to a level appropriate to their responsibilities.

Induction Training

Every new employee will receive a safety induction on day one of his/her employment. The training will consist of fire safety, arrangements for first aid, manual handling, and display screen equipment uses (where necessary), environmental and general safety. New employees will also be given instruction and safety training on the equipment they will be required to use whilst discharging their duties. A training record will be kept and maintained in our online system. Copies of training records are available for clients upon request.

3.26 Health Surveillance

All employees of PRT Heating Ltd. are encouraged to carry out personal health checks. Any problems reported will be dealt with in a personal and confidential manner by senior management. Should PRT Heating Ltd. have any concerns regarding the wellbeing of any employee they may suggest a referral to a professional occupational health provider.

Or on request of an employee in matters relating to work related ill health issues, PRT Heating Ltd. will pay for conducting relevant medical surveillance where appropriate.

3.27 Lone Working

Where work is carried out in the customer's premises, the Owner or their nominated representative will ascertain the procedures to be followed in case of emergency, e.g. lone worker injury etc. and details will be provided to all company employees/contractors required to work in or on such premises.

3.28 Machinery Maintenance

All machines including power tools, jet wash equipment, saws, drills etc shall be subject to regular inspection by a competent person, who will withdraw damaged or unsuitable equipment from service immediately. A record of the inspection and actions will be made and recorded for reference. All machinery will also be subject to maintenance and service as per the manufacturer's instruction and maintenance schedule OR at least annually and records held.

3.29 Machinery Operation

All employees/contractors who are required to operate machinery or plant will have the appropriate training and be assessed to determine competency. Where required, the individual will hold a current licence / certificate to operate such machinery or plant. It is company policy to take severe disciplinary action against any person found to be operating machinery without the necessary competence.

3.30 Manual Handling Assessments

The Owner or their nominated representative will carry out specific manual handling assessments for any necessary operation which has been highlighted as requiring a detailed assessment by the general risk assessment. Where practical, manual handling should be avoided by utilising mechanical means to minimise the risks arising from manual handling.

Manual handling assessments will consider the load to be handled, e.g. tools, equipment, materials etc, its size and weight, the individual, the task and the environment in which the task takes place.

The assessment will also consider the possibility of kinetic lifting techniques to assist the movement of an object and to minimise the risks arising from manual handling.

3.31 Method Statements (Safe Operating Procedures)

Work Instructions (Method Statements) will be developed for all company operations. Information from the risk assessments will be used to formulate these documents which will be used in training and given to members of staff. The work instructions will be reviewed and updated either periodically or when something significant changes. Method statements are written using our online system and are made available.

3.32 Noise

Regular exposure to high noise levels can cause deafness and tinnitus. Noise assessments will be carried out whenever it is suspected that noise levels may be above 80 db.(a), and hearing protection will be provided for all operatives likely to be affected. Information and advice to use hearing protection will be issued. Where noise levels are at 85 db. (a) or above, where possible, the company will take measures to reduce the exposure of noise to its employees by means other than hearing protection. Where this is not possible, the area may be identified as a Hearing Protection Zone. The wearing of suitable hearing protection shall also be enforced.

3.33 Personal Protective Equipment

The need for Personal Protective Equipment will be determined through risk assessment and will be provided by PRT Heating Ltd. free of charge. The relevant

PPE must always be worn whilst carrying out work and in compliance with any mandatory requirements of specific sites. Details of the correct PPE will be made available to employees within the risk assessments and method statements relevant to the works. No employee will be permitted to start work without the correct PPE and the necessary information, instruction and training to enable him to utilise the equipment correctly and without risks to safety and health.

Persons found to be breaching PPE rules will be subject to disciplinary procedures which may include ejection from site.

3.34 Portable Appliance Testing (PAT)

The term 'portable' is used to mean portable, movable or transportable. Portable equipment is not part of a fixed installation but when used is connected to a fixed installation (or a generator), by means of a flexible cable, plug and socket. It includes equipment that is handheld or hand operated while connected to the supply.

All portable electrical appliances will be tested in accordance with the regulations, at the recommended intervals, 'as may be necessary to prevent danger'. It will be the responsibility of the site manager to ensure that all equipment provided is suitable for the task, including any provided by a Customer.

Each employee/contractor must carry out a daily inspection of any equipment prior to its use, and must immediately report any defect, or suspected defect to Owner/Site Manager.

3.35 Pregnant Workers

The company recognises that pregnant workers are more vulnerable to injury and as such will carry out specific risk assessments where a worker notifies them of a pregnancy. Such assessments will be ongoing throughout the pregnancy and will consider the worker's duties, working conditions and hours. Where it is deemed that a risk to the mother or baby is present, suitable controls will be introduced to minimise that risk.

3.36 Purchase Policy

The Health and Safety at Work Act as amended imposes duties upon PRT Heating Ltd. and those providing goods and services to the company. Health & Safety legislation affects purchasing decisions including the use of sub-contractors or out-sourced activities. This also includes the purchase of new or hired-in equipment, maintenance services and goods; but is not limited to such legislation as The Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations as amended; The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations (PUWER) and The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations. When purchasing or hiring machinery / equipment PRT Heating Ltd. will make sure it has all the relevant information and instructions on how it works, including the appropriate safety features and certifications of compliance. All suppliers of services will be competent and trained. All users of the equipment will receive suitable training and instruction before being allowed to use equipment. The equipment must be safe, meet all relevant UK and EU supply Directives and be CE marked; it will be maintained in line with current legal requirements and manufactures/suppliers' guidance or ACOPS ruling at the time of use.

3.37 Risk Assessments

The Owner or their nominated representative will prepare a generic risk assessment

covering the common risks encountered in the company's normal business. If necessary, external assistance will be sought to carry out the generic risk assessments. The significant findings of the risk assessments will be relayed to all staff.

The Owner or their nominated representative will carry out site specific risk assessment for sites where company employees/contractors are obliged to work. Such assessments will consider the health and safety of employee / contractors and the public on site. The company is aware of the number of serious injuries from the incidence of Slips, Trips and Falls. The Owner therefore will pay particular attention to eliminating these hazards from each site.

All Risk Assessments will be produced using our online management system and are made available to all clients upon request. Employees should have a copy of risk assessments for the work they carry out.

3.38 Road Safety Transport

Covering vehicles in excess of 3.5 Tonnes GVW

PRT Heating Ltd. strives to prevent vehicle accidents and promote safe driving practices and consideration for the environment amongst all company drivers.

PRT Heating Ltd. will only employ drivers who hold relevant licences for the class of vehicle used. All vehicles will undergo regular vehicle inspection and maintenance in line with legislative and manufacturer requirements.

All company transport is managed in line with the requirements of current legislation and the Highway Code. Only experienced, capable and qualified drivers can drive on company business and licences are monitored on an ongoing basis. It is a legal requirement that drivers must always wear seatbelts and smoking in vehicles is not allowed. Any breach of these requirements will be dealt with by strict disciplinary procedures.

PRT Heating Ltd. endeavours to use the most efficient routing to minimise costs and environmental pollution, considering driving hours regulations and other fees/tolls and constraints. In order to ensure that our drivers are kept up to date on legal responsibilities, safety, speed limits, cyclists, breakdown, accidents, alcohol and drugs, mobile phones and fatigue; information is conveyed via frequent toolbox talks.

PRT Heating Ltd. requires drivers to undergo eyesight checks every two years and ensure that the company is kept advised of any medical condition or prescribed medication which might impair their driving so that appropriate assistance and safeguards can be implemented.

All drivers must abide by the driving hours regulations and submit the vehicle Tachograph chart at the end of each shift or journey or when requested by VOSA or other regulatory bodies.

On no account may Goods Vehicles over 3.5 tonnes be operated without a Tachograph or Driver Card at any time. Tachograph disks or Driver Cards must not be used by other than the named User/s.

The company sets its controls based on the findings of risk assessment. These are to be reviewed at least annually or more often if required.

The company will monitor their drivers' hours to ensure legal driving hours are not exceeded in accordance with tachograph rules.

3.39 Safety Audits and Monitoring

At regular intervals the Owner or their nominated representative will carry out a health & safety audit. The audit will consider the effectiveness of the welfare facilities; emergency procedures, safe methods of work etc. identified at the outset, and will identify any corrective action required. Where the Owner considers it necessary in order to maintain the desired level of health & safety, they may seek the assistance of an external Health & Safety Advisor in carrying out audits and identifying corrective actions.

3.40 Serious or Imminent Danger

These procedures are in line with Regulation 8 of the current Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations.

It is a policy of the company that no employee or sub-contractor will be made to work in dangerous conditions without due regard to health and safety and all employees should be aware that there are regulations and procedures regarding serious or imminent danger.

Managers, supervisors and employees are reminded that they must not under any circumstances undertake work or instruct others to undertake work where there is a risk of imminent danger without adequate controls, safety procedures, training and personal protective equipment being in place to minimise that risk.

PRT Heating Ltd. authorises any employee to remove himself/herself to a relative place of safety when he/she has reason to believe he/she is at serious risk or in imminent danger. Work will not resume in that area until the risk has been minimised.

Some emergency events can occur and develop rapidly, thus requiring employees to act without waiting for further guidance, for example, in a fire. Employees must, on arrival at new sites, make themselves familiar with the emergency procedures, escape routes and location of firefighting equipment etc prior to starting work.

Under no circumstances will work activities take priority over safety considerations.

3.41 Transport & Company Vehicle Safety

It is the policy of PRT Heating Ltd. to only employ drivers who are competent. Driver approval and competence

A person may only operate company vehicles if he or she;

- 1. Has held a full UK licence for a minimum of 2 years
- 2. Has not been disqualified from driving for drink and/or drug offences in the last 5 years nor has any prosecution pending
- 3. Holds the correct licence for the type of vehicle being operated

Drivers must inform the company of any circumstances that may lead a driver to being unfit for driving duties.

Drivers must inform the office immediately they become aware of any pending prosecution for any driving offence.

All drivers will be asked to provide detail of driving licence number, national insurance number and Post Code registered on driving licence in order that annual checks may be made on applicable vehicle licences and any penalty points registered.

3.42 Welfare

In most cases company employees / contractors will be able to use toilet / washing facilities within the customer's premises. It will be the responsibility of the Site Manager to ascertain if this is possible prior to commencement of a contract. Where it is not possible, it will be the responsibility of the Site Manager to establish the location of suitable temporary or public facilities.

Where work is carried out in people's homes, we will make a verbal request to use their washing facilities if required.

3.43 Working at Height

It is the policy of the company to comply with the current Work at Height Regulations. Work at height will be avoided wherever possible. Where work at height cannot be avoided, the site foreman is responsible for carrying out a risk assessment and selecting appropriate work equipment to provide safe access to height and ensuring the appropriate safety measures to prevent falls are implemented.

Only trained and competent staff will be allowed to work at height and apprentices will be closely supervised.

Where the risk of a fall cannot be eliminated the foreman will put in place measures and equipment to minimise the distance and consequences of a fall should one occur.

3.44 Young Workers

Risk Assessments must be carried out in compliance with The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations as amended. This includes young persons on job experience working within the business.

There are also special provisions for young people in the Working Time Regulations concerning limits of hours of work, rest from work and annual holidays.

Young workers are being particularly at risk because of their possible lack of awareness of existing or potential risks, immaturity and inexperience. The responsible person will therefore:

- Assess risks to young workers.
- Consider their inexperience, lack of awareness and immaturity.
- Prohibit certain activities where higher risks are identified.
- Not allow the young person to operate any machinery or equipment without proper supervision and training.
- Provide training to ensure competence before allowing any unsupervised activity to be undertaken.
- Always provide suitable supervision.
- Not employ any person under the age of 14 years for any paid or non-paid employment.

I have read and understood the contents of this Safety Policy.

Anything I did not understand has been explained to me to my satisfaction.

I agree to follow the Safety Policy and understand that any instructions are provided for my safety and the safety of others.

Print name	Date
Nathan Tilsley	06-04-2023
Peter Tilsley	06-04-2023
Matthew Acton	06-04-2023
Jack Williams	06-04-2023
Sean Mohony	06-04-2023